Conference Name: SSHRA 2025 – Social Science & Humanities Research Association International

Conference, 02-03 December, Kuala Lumpur Conference Dates: 02-Dec- 2025 to 03-Dec- 2025

Conference Venue: Hotel Capitol, Bukit Bintang, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Appears in: PEOPLE: International Journal of Social Sciences (ISSN 2454-5899)

Publication year: 2025

Wai-Ming Ng, 2025

Volume 2025, pp. 560

DOI- https://doi.org/10.20319/icssh.2025.560

This paper can be cited as: Ng, W.M.(2025). The Great Wave Off Kanagawa and the Taiji Diagram. SSHRA 2025 – Social Science & Humanities Research Association International Conference, 02-03 December, Kuala Lumpur. Proceedings of Social Science and Humanities Research Association (SSHRA), 2025, 560

THE GREAT WAVE OFF KANAGAWA AND THE TAIJI DIAGRAM

Wai-Ming Ng

Department of Japanese Studies, Chinese University, Hong Kong waimingng@cuhk.edu.hk

Abstract

Katsushika Hokusai (1760–1849) created The Great Wave off Kanagawa, a renowned example of Japanese ukiyo-e art, during the Edo period (1603–1868). This iconic masterpiece subtly reflects the philosophy of yin and yang as embodied in the Taiji Diagram. Known for his preference for the S-shaped composition, Hokusai employed this form masterfully—the curling wave and the sky together trace a dynamic S-shape, evoking the Taiji 's symbolic balance. Some Western art historians suggest that The Great Wave was influenced by the Taiji Diagram, a claim supported by compositional and thematic parallels in Hokusai's other work, The Raging Wave. In that piece, the interplay between male and female wave figures echoes the harmony of opposing forces, similar to the visual and conceptual elements seen in The Great Wave off Kanagawa. Although Hokusai never explicitly mentioned the Taiji Diagram in relation to this ukiyo-e, in my paper I identify five indirect forms of evidence to argue that he may have been inspired by the Diagram when creating this work.

Keywords:

Ukiyoe, Hokusai, Taiji Diagram, Yinyang, Japan-China Cultural Relations